HOMESTEAD EXEMPTIONS



MAY LOWER YOUR HOME'S PROPERTY TAXES

THE TEXAS HOMESTEAD

In Texas, the *homestead* is the place of residence for a family or a single person, secure from forced sale by general creditors. The Texas Constitution gives each spouse, or single person, a possessory right in the homestead, which is lost only by death or abandonment, and cannot be compromised by waiver or voluntary act of the homestead owner. The term *exemption*, as used in the state Constitution, stems from the concept that the homestead is exempt from forced sale by a homestead claimant's general creditors. The homestead cannot ever be mortgaged unless the mortgage is for one of the following SEVEN purposes:

- 1. To obtain money to finance the purchase of the homestead;
- 2. To obtain money to pay taxes due on the homestead;
- 3. To obtain money to improve the homestead (home improvement loan);
- 4. To obtain money to finance the purchase by one co-owner of another co-owner's interest in the homestead, by either agreement or court order (such as in a divorce decree);
- 5. To obtain money to pay off a federal tax lien;
- 6. To obtain money from a home equity loan; or
- 7. To obtain money from a reverse mortgage.

Article 16. Section 50 of the Texas Constitution sets forth the protection provided to the homestead owner. Simply stated, a homeowner is protected from forced sale by his general creditors except for:

- (1) the purchase money mortgage on the homestead;
- (2) taxes due on the homestead;
- (3) liens for work and materials used in improving the homestead *provided*
 - a. the contract to do the work was in writing and
 - b. signed by both husband and wife *prior* to *the commencement of work*.
 - c. filed for record in the county of the homestead

(Unfortunately, many home improvement loan situations do not follow the requirements specified in (3)a, b & c above, resulting in the loss of financing ability)

- (4) a loan to buy out a co-owner's (or ex-spouse's) interest in the homestead as part of a divorce decree or partition arrangement
- (5) a loan to pay off and release federal tax lien filed for the tax debt of BOTH spouses (or taxes owed by the homestead owner if single)
- (6) a home equity loan made pursuant to the requirements of the Texas Constitution
- (7) a reverse mortgage made pursuant to the requirements of the Texas Constitution

In order to prevent the legislative branch of the government from casually changing the homestead exemption, the exemption was incorporated into the State Constitution in 1845. Now only constitutional amendments may change the substance of the exemption.



The term "homestead exemption" also has another meaning with respect to local property taxes. Most taxing authorities permit a homeowner to file an application with their local appraisal district to "exempt" a portion of value from taxation for local property taxes. This can result in savings of as much as 20% of the annual tax bill. While the requirements to obtain this tax exemption are basically the same standards used to determine homestead status under the Texas Constitution, these are still two distinct and separate concepts and one does not necessarily determine the other. That is, just because you have a property named as your homestead on the tax rolls, for tax exemption purposes, does not <u>necessarily</u> mean that the property would constitute your homestead under the Texas Constitution for protection from creditors. Tax homestead breaks are largely a matter of affidavits and filing procedures; Constitutional homestead protection is premised more on intent than anything else.

HOMESTEAD FILING EXEMPTION INSTRUCTIONS

Please Note:

Homeowners automatically receive an exemption form from the Appraisal District. However, you are encouraged to contact the appropriate Appraisal District for information or to request an exemption form.

Deadline for filing is April 30.

Collin County Appraisal District:

(469) 742-9200

Dallas Central Appraisal District:

(214) 631-0910

Denton County Appraisal District:

(940) 349-3800

Ellis County Appraisal District:

(972) 937-3552

Grayson County Appraisal

District:

(903) 892-8297

Henderson County Appraisal

District:

(903) 675-9296

Hood County Appraisal District:

(817) 573-2471

Hunt County Appraisal District:

(903) 454-3510

Johnson County Appraisal

District:

(817) 645-3986

Kaufman County Appraisal

District:

(972) 932-6081

Palo Pinto County Appraisal

District:

(940) 659-1281

Parker County Appraisal District:

(817) 596-0077

Rockwall County Appraisal

District:

(972) 771-2034

Tarrant County Appraisal District:

(817) 284-0024

Wise County Appraisal District:

(940) 627-3081

EXPLANATIONS OF EXEMPTIONS

GENERAL RESIDENTIAL HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION

- 1. To qualify for this exemption, you must own and reside in your home on January 1 of the tax year.
- 2. If you temporarily move away from your home, you still can qualify for this exemption, if you do not establish another principal residence and you intend to return.
- 3. YOU MAY RECEIVE ONLY ONE HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION.

FOR MOBILE HOMES

Attach a copy of the document of title from the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs (1-800-500-7074), if home is 8' X 40' or larger and document has not been cancelled, or provide a notarized copy of the purchase contract that shows you as the owner. NOTE: Document must list Mobile Home Identification Number.

OVER-65 EXEMPTION

- 1. To qualify for this exemption, you must be at least age 65. This exemption includes a school tax limitation, or ceiling.
- 2. You must submit proof of age. Acceptable proof includes either a copy of the front side of your driver's license or a copy of your birth certificate.
- 3. You must apply before the first anniversary of your qualification date to receive the over-65 exemption in that tax year. For example, if you turn 65 on June 1 of the current year, you have until May 31 of the next year to apply for the current tax year's Over-65 Exemption. This special provision only applies to the Over-65 exemption and not to other exemptions for which you may qualify.
- 4. If you qualified for an Over-65 exemption at a previous address and have moved since January 1, you will qualify for a transfer of your prior tax ceiling. Please contact the appraisal district for details.
- 5. You may NOT receive both the Over-65 exemption and the Disability exemption.
- 6. If you are already receiving a Disability exemption, your Over-65 exemption will be applied next year.

OVER-65 SURVIVING SPOUSE OF A PERSON WHO RECEIVED THE OVER-65 EXEMPTION

- 1. To qualify for an extension of the Over-65 exemption, you must have been at least age 55 on the date your spouse died and death must have occurred on or after December 1, 1987.
- 2. You must submit proof of age and proof of death of your spouse.
- 3. Your deceased spouse must have been receiving the Over-65 exemption on this residence homestead or would have applied and qualified before his/her death. (See Over-65 qualifications above.)

DISABILITY EXEMPTION

- To qualify, you must meet all of the qualifications for the General Residential Homestead Exemption as shown above.
- 2. In addition, you must submit proof of disability. Acceptable proof includes a current statement from the Social Security Administration (1-800-772-1213) showing that you are disabled and the date on which your disability began, or a current letter of verification from your physician stating you are disabled, the date your disability began, and you are unable to engage in any substantial gainful work for a period which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of one year or more.
- 3. You must be receiving payment of disability benefits under the federal Old-Age, Survivor's, and Disability Insurance Act, or you must have met the definition of disabled in that Act on January 1 of the year for which you are applying.
- 4. You may NOT receive both the Disability exemption and the Over-65 exemption.

LATE FILING OF HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION FOR PRIOR YEAR

You must file an application no later than one year after the date you paid the taxes on your homestead or the taxes became delinquent, whichever is earlier.

SIGNATURE REQUIRED

The person signing this application must be the person qualified for the exemption(s) checked. If the Chief Appraiser grants your application, you do not have to reapply annually. However, you must reapply if the Chief Appraiser requires you to do so, or if you want the exemption to apply to property not listed on this application. You must notify the Chief Appraiser in writing, if and when, your right to this exemption ends. If this application is not approved, you will receive written notification explaining why it was not approved.

RESIDENTIAL HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION APPLICATION

THERE IS NO FEE TO FILE THIS APPLICATION
CENTRAL APPRAISAL DISTRICT OF COLLIN COUNTY

2404 K Avenue Plano, TX 75074

Metro 972-578-5200 972-562-1404 McKinney www.collincad.org

Legal Description:

Owner & Mailing Address



Situs Address:

Situs Address.						
Address of Prope	erty you are	pplying for:				
Phone #		Driver's License, Personal ID Cert. or Social Security Number*	Birth Date			
NOTE: For a	list of taxin	units, exemptions and tax limitations offered, visit www.collinca	ad.org or call the Appraisal District.			
		OLLOWING QUESTIONS:				
1yes	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
2yes		Is any portion of this property rental property or for business purposes? If so, approximate square footage If the entire property is being rented on a temporary basis, please explain the reasons the property is temporarily rented.				
3yes	no Is	Is your mailing address different from the property address? If yes, please explain:				
4yes	no Ar	Are you claiming a homestead exemption on another property? If yes, give the address of the other property:				
	(If	our other property is not in Collin County, you must notify that Appraisal District to r	emove the exemption.)			
5yes		Is this property owned by more than one person, other than your spouse? If yes and the other owners do not live there, provide their names and mailing addresses and percentage of ownership.				
6yes	the	is exemption for a mobile home? If yes, you must attach a copy of statem Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs or a verified cop	nent of ownership and location/title from y of the purchase contract that shows you			
		he owner. e: Make: Model:	ID #:			
7yes	no Is	is a cooperative housing unit? If yes, do you have an exclusive right to occur				
Optional: Number		stock in a cooperative housing corporation? or residential purposes (yard, garden, garage, etc.):				
PLEASE CHEC	K THE BO	K BY THE EXEMPTION(S) THAT APPLY TO YOU:				
Old Age, Survivor's a the backside for infor	ITY EXEMPT and Disability I mation about ta	principal residence on January 1; and (3) you or your spouse have not claimed residence. ON You qualify for this exemption if you were under a disability for the purposes of surance Act OR you met the definition of disabled in that Act. You can't claim an Ov limitations or qualification dates. (You must furnish a letter from Social Security or unable to return to work.) Contact our office for a Disabled Veteran for had a disability tax ceiling (freeze) from your last home in Texas. If checked, in wh	f payment of disability benefits under the Federal er-65 exemption if you claim this exemption. See or verification from your physician stating tran.			
See the backside for i	nformation abo	You qualify for this exemption if you are 65 years of age or older. You can't claim a tax limitations or qualification dates. (Please furnish a copy of either a current Dr had an over-65 tax ceiling (freeze) from your last home in Texas. If checked, in what are the companies of	river's License or Birth Certificate.)			
you are 55 years of ag applied and qualified	ge or older on the for the exempt	POUSE OF A PERSON WHO RECEIVED THE OVER-65 EXEMPTION: You date your spouse died and (2) your deceased spouse was receiving the over-65 exempn in the year of the spouse's death. See the backside for information about tax limitatense or Birth Certificate and a copy of the Death Certificate of the deceased.)	ptions on this residence homestead or would have			
Deceased	Spouse's Nam	Dat had a tax ceiling (freeze) from your last home in Texas. If checked, in what county	te of Death:			
	case check if yo	nad a tax centing (freeze) from your last nome in Texas. If checked, in what county	and you reside?			
LATE FI	LING FOR PE	OR YEAR: If you were eligible for an exemption last year, check the box. See the b	eack side for information about late filing.			
and correct. If the Chie new application, you m affirm that you have re functions for this office	ef Appraiser ap nust reapply. Y ad and understa e. Section 11.4	this application, you state that you are qualified for the exemptions checked above. To the exemption, you do not have to reapply annually. However, if the Chief Apu must notify the Chief Appraiser in writing, if and when your right to any exemption d the penalty for filing a false statement. (*You are required to give us this information the Tax Code authorizes this office to request this information to determine tax corent to public inspection, except to appraisal office employees who appraise property an Names:	praiser requires you to do so, by sending you a ends or your qualifications change. You swear or on on this form, in order to perform tax related npliance. The Chief appraiser is required to keep			
	Owners Sign	Iere:	Please return to the Appraisal District at the address above.			

If you make a false statement on this application, you could be found guilty of a Class A misdemeanor or a State jail felony Under Texas Penal Code Section 37.10.





DALLAS CENTRAL APPRAISAL DISTRICT

P.O. Box 560328 Dallas, Texas 75356-0328 (214) 631-0910 or 631-1342

RESIDENTIAL HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION APPLICATION FOR 1999

No Fee is charged to process this application, but it must be notarized.



Account Number Homeowner Name

Property Address Legal Description

Street City, State, Zip

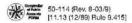
VOL98131/0268 DD062998 CO-DALLAS

SAMPLEONLY

PLEAS	SE ANSWER T	HE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:					
1.	☐ Yes ☐ No	Is this a rental property? If yes, this application does not apply and need not be returned.					
2.	☐ Yes ☐ No	Is your mailing address different from the above address? If yes, explain.					
3.	☐ Yes ☐ No	Are you claiming a homestead exemption on another property? If yes, give address of other property. That exemption will be removed and applied to this property. If the property is not in Dallas County, documentation from the other appraisal district must be sent with this application verifying removal.					
4.	☐ Yes ☐	Is property owned by more than one person? If yes, are they: Married					
	No	Common-law married Separate Individuals. Each separate individual must make application, if residing on the property. If not, list all separate owners and address of each:					
		Exemptions are allocated according to ownership interest of person)s) residing on the property.					
5.	5. Yes No Is this exemption for a mobile home? If yes, see here for additional documentation required						
6 .	☐ Yes ☐ No	Is this a cooperative housing unit? If yes, and you have exclusive right to occupy the unit because you own coopreative housing corporation stock, attach documentation of ownership.					
CHEC	K ALL APPLIC	APABLE BOXES. Click for qualifications and exemptions.					
	General Resid	dential Homestead Exemption					
		NPTION. Attach proof of age (copy of front of driver's license or birth certificate).					
		iving Spouse of a person who received the Over-65 Exemption. Attach proof of your					
	age and death cert	iticate of your spouse. Printed Spouse"s Name Date of Death					
	Disability Exemption. Attach proof of disability; see <u>qualifications</u> for acceptible proof. Do not check the box if applying for a Disabled Veteran Exemption. Contact this office for the Disabled Veteran form and return it by April 30.						
misdemea application read and t	xas Penal Code Sec anor or a felony. By n are true and corre	tion 37.10, if you make a false statement on this application, you could be found guilty of a class A signing this application, you state that you are qualified for the exemption(s) checked above and the facts in this ct. You also state that you do not claim an exemption on another residence. You swear or affirm that you have lity for filing a false statement.					
Owner Si	gnature	Date NOTARY STATEMENT					
Social Se	curity No	SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN before me this day of,,					
Driver's L	icense/Texas ID No.						
Date of B	irth M M D D	Notary Public State of Texas					
Phone No	o	My commission expires					

Denton Central A		For Appraisal District Use Only				
3911 Morse Street Denton, TX 76208	PO Box 2816 Denton, TX 76202	Account Number:	Approved/Checked By:			
(940) 349-3800 or (9		Prior Years To Supp	ETR Year			
		Year To Add	Qual Date:			
Applicati	ion for Residential	DP/OALimit:	Entity Code:	Entity Code:		
		DP/OALimit:	Entity Code:			
	ead Exemption for 20					
Step 1: Owner's	Owner's Name (person completing application):		Birth Date:			
name and address	Provide one of Driver's License Number, the following* #	Social Security Number, or #	Personal ID Certificate Number #			
A STATE OF CHARLES COLLARS AND	Current Mailing Address (number and street):	Home Phone (area code and number): ()				
	City, State, Zip Code:	Work Phone (area code and number):				
	Percent Ownership in Property:	Number of owners living at ope				
	Other Owner's Name(s) (if any):	Other Owner's Perc				
Step 2: Describe	Give street address if different from above, or legal description if no street address:					
your property	MOBILE HOMES: Altach a copy of statement of ownership and location from the Texas Department of community Affairs if home is 8x40' or larger, or a verified copy of the purchase contract that shows you as owner of the mobile hom Make Model					
	OPTIONAL - Number of acres used for residential pu	urposes (yard, garden, garage, e	c.) ac	res		
Step 3: Check exemptions	GENERAL RESIDENTIAL EXEMPTION: You qualify for this exemption if (1) you owned this property on January 1; (2) you occupied it as your principal residence on January 1; and (3) you or your spouse has not claimed a residence homestead exemption on any other property.					
that apply to you	OVER-65 EXEMPTION: You qualify for this exemption if you are 65 years of age or older. You can't claim a disability exemption if you claim this exemption. See the back of this form for more information about the tax limitation or qualification dates. Please check if you will transfer a tax ceiling from your last home in TexasYES NO ATTACH PROOF OF AGE					
	DISABILITY EXEMPTION: You qualify for this exemption if you were under a disability for the purposes of payment of disability benefits under federal Old Age, Survivor's and Disability Insurance Act OR you met the definition of disabled in that Act. You can't claim an over-65 exemption if you claim this exemption. See the back of this form for more information about tax limitations or qualification dates.					
	Please check if you will transfer a tax ceiling from your last home in TexasYES NO ATTACH PROOF OF DISABILITY ***If yes, attach ceiling transfer certificate from prior appraisal district.					
	OVER-55 SURVIVING SPOUSE OF A PERSON WHO RECEIVED THE OVER-65/DISABILITY EXEMPTION: You may qualify for an extension of the school tax limitation if (1) you were 55 years of age or older on the date your spouse died; and (2) your deceased spouse was receiving either the over-65 or disability exemptions on this residence homestead or would have applied and qualified for the exemptions in the year of the spouse's death. See the back of this form for more information about the tax limitations or qualification dates. ATTACH COPY OF DEATH CERTIFICATE AND					
	Your spouse's name:		PROOF OF YOUR AGE			
	Your Date of Birth: Please check if you will transfer a tax ceiling for * * "If yes, attach ceiling transfer certificat					
Step 4: Answer if applies	COOPERATIVE HOUSING RESIDENTS: Do you have occupy the unit because you own stock in a cooperate	All the state of t	ES NO			
Step 5: Check if late	Application for homestead exemption for prior tax year, 20 You may file a late General Residential Exemption application for property you owned and occupied on January 1st, if you file it no later than one year after the date the taxes on the homestead become delinquent. See the back of this form for more information about the tax limitations or qualification dates.					
Step 6: Sign and Date the application	By signing this application, you state that you are qual are true and correct. You also state that you do not cla appraiser if and when your right to the exemptions end false statement. If you make a false statement on this application, you could be found:	aim an exemption on another resi I. You swear or affirm that you ha	ence homestead. You must noti e read and understand the pena	fy the chief alty for filing a		
	Authorized Signature		Date			





	OR RESIDENTIAL HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION n, see the instructions on back of this form.		YEAR			
Appraisal district name	a code and number)					
Address			3			
For appraisal district off	Parcel num	ber				
Step 1:	Owner's Name (person completing application):					
Owner's name and address (attach sheets	Current Mailing Address					
if needed)	City, State, ZIP Code Phone (area ande la company):					
	Driver's License, Personal ID Certificate, or Social Security Number*:					
	Driver's License, Personal ID Certificate, or Social Security Number*: Percent Ownership in Property: Other Owner's Name(s) (if any):					
	Other Owner's Name(s) (if any):					
Step 2: Describe	Street address if different from above, or legal description if no street address; include property account number, if available (optional):					
your property	MOBILE HOMES - Give make, model and identification number: Attach a copy of statement of ownership and location issued by the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs if home is 8' x 40' or larger. Or, attach a verified copy of the purchase contract that shows you are the owner of the mobile home.					
	OPTIONAL - Number of acres used for residential purposes (yard, garden, garage, etc.)acres					
Step 3: Check exemptions that apply to you	GENERAL RESIDENTIAL EXEMPTION: You qualify for this exemption if (1) you owned this property on January 1; (2) you occupied it as your principal residence on January 1; and (3) you or your spouse have not claimed a residence homestead exemption on any other property.					
	OVER-65 EXEMPTION: You qualify for this exemption if you are 65 years of age or older. You can't claim a disability exemption if you claim this exemption. See the back of this form for more information about tax limitations or qualification dates.					
	Check if you will transfer a tax ceiling from your last home	10.7 10 20.00				
	DISABILITY EXEMPTION: You qualify for this exemption if you are were under a disability for the purposes of payment of disability benefits under the federal Old Age, Survivor's and Disability Insurance Act OR you met the definition of disabled in that Act. You can't claim an over-65 exemption if you claim this exemption. See the back of this form for more information about tax limitations or qualification dates.					
	Check if you will transfer a tax ceiling from your last home		Yes No			
	OVER-55 SURVIVING SPOUSE OF A PERSON WHO RECEIVED THE OVER-65 EXEMPTION: You qualify for an extension of this exemption if (1) you are 55 years of age or older on the date your spouse died and (2) your deceased spouse was receiving the over-65 exemptions on this residence homestead or would have applied and qualified for the exemption in the year of the spouse's death. See the back of this form for more information about tax limitations or qualification dates.					
	Deceased Spouse's Name Date	of death				
	Check if you will transfer a tax ceiling from your last home		Yes No			
Step 4: Answer if applies	COOPERATIVE HOUSING RESIDENTS - Do you have an exclusive right to occupy this unit because you own stock in a cooperative housing corporation?					
Step 5: Check if late						
Step 6: Sign and date the application	By signing this application, you state that you are qualified for the exemptions checked above. You state that the facts in this application are true and correct. You also state that you do not claim an exemption on another residence homestead. You must notify the chief appraiser if and when your right to the exemptions end. You swear or affirm that you have read and understand the penalty for filing a false statement.					
	Authorized signature here	Date				
	If you make a false statement on this application, you could be found guilty of a Class A misdemeanor or a state jail felony under Texas Penal Code Section 37.10.					

^{*} You are required to give us this information on this form, in order to perform tax related functions for this office. Section 11.43 of the Tax Code authorizes this office to request this information to determine tax compliance. The chief appraiser is required to keep the information confidential and not open to public inspection, except to appraisal office employees who appraise property and as authorized by Section 11.48(b), Tax Code. (Over)



THE TEXAS COMMUNITY PROPERTY LAWS

The concept of Ammunity property in Texas comes from Spanish Civil Law, and since Texas at one time was under Spanish dominion, this concept has carried over into our own civil law system. This community property system exists by Aperation of law through our statutes and case law decisions instead of by voluntary agreement of the spouses, so a married man and woman do not have the option not to be governed by the community property system in Texas - it automatic. However, the system provides statutory methods to allow spouses to divide their community property into separate pieces if they wish to make the special effort.

Under the Texas community property system, the wife and husband share equally. The wife does not acquire any title through her husband but owns her community interest at the moment of acquisition and continues to do so *as long as* the couple own the asset. The same statement can be made of the husband - he does not acquire any title through his wife, but owns his community interest at the moment of acquisition. If, however, the legal title to the asset is vested solely in the name of one or the other spouse, this spouse simply holds the property for the community estate (husband and wife) during the term of the marriage.

Married couples moving to Texas from other states, owning property in the state from which they are moving, will find that the law of the state where the property is located determines the Aommunity@or Aon-community@character of the out-of-Texas property. Consequently, if the out-of-Texas property is separate property in that state, the property would continue to be the separate property of the spouse who holds title when the couple moves to Texas. On the other hand, when a husband and wife, being non-residents of Texas, purchase a land in Texas, the laws of the State of Texas would govern (as to that property), and the property would be considered community property.

The definition of community property under Texas law is governed by the Texas Family Code and the judicial decisions of the Texas courts.

Looking at the Family Code, we see that Sections 5.01 and 5.02 set forth the definition of community property:

Section 5.01. Marital Property Characterized.

- A. A spouse **\$** separate property consists of:
 - 1. the property owned or claimed by the spouse before marriage;
 - 2. the property acquired by the spouse during marriage by gift, devise, or descent; and
 - 3. the recovery for personal injuries sustained by the spouse during marriage, except any recovery for loss of earning capacity during marriage.

Section 5.02. Presumption

Property possessed by either spouse during or on dissolution of marriage is presumed to be community property.

For expanded information and a more detailed look at Texas Community Property Laws please refer to **The Texas Community Property Laws** booklet by Hunter & Kramer, P.C., Attorneys at Law and published by Republic Title of Texas, Inc.

